**a) Which is the argument position of the “members” argument in a classT?**

In the fifth position (the **[#def\_1,…])** here all the members (Fields and methods)

**b) Which is the argument position of the “parent” argument in a** **fieldT**?

The second position which is the class position indicating that the field belongs to that class.

**c) Is there any common structure that all of the above-mentioned PEFs (classT,**

**fieldT, methodT, callT , compilationUnitT, getFieldT, assignT)**

**share?**

They all share the structure of having an ID, Parent, and another argument that contains an expression or a body.

**d) Is there anything else that getFieldT, assignT have in common (but not the**

**others)?**

With the **fieldAccessT(#id, #parent, #encl, #receiver, #field, #type) ,** they have the **#encl** which is the indicator in which scope they are enclosed.

**e) Can you anticipate which other elements will share this additional structure?**

Every expression and statement will share this structure for example just to name a few (**foreachT**, **whileT**, **conditionalT**, **literalT**)

**f) Can you guess why?**

Because these types of elements are always enclosed in a scope and must have an id and a parent for matching and executing.